

# Analysis with PandaRoot

*IKP-1 PANDA Analysis Meet-Up*

20/27 May 2015, Andreas Herten

# Outline

- Important resources
- Simulation & Analysis flow
- Scripts'n'Tools
- Prometheus (SSH, Job Resubmission)
- My example channel:  
 $\bar{p}p \rightarrow D^+ D^- \rightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \quad K^+ \pi^- \pi^-$

- **PandaRoot SVN Repository:**

<https://subversion.gsi.de/trac/fairroot/browser/pandaroot>

– Create your directory in the **development branch!**

**My:** <https://subversion.gsi.de/trac/fairroot/browser/pandaroot/development/aherten>

- **Computing Wiki:**

<https://panda-wiki.gsi.de/cgi-bin/view/Computing>

- **Computing Forum:**

<https://forum.gsi.de/index.php?t=index&cat=26>

- **Documentation:**

[http://cbmroot.gsi.de//panda\\_doc/daily/html/classes.html](http://cbmroot.gsi.de//panda_doc/daily/html/classes.html)

- **Analysis How-To (Wiki)**

<https://panda-wiki.gsi.de/foswiki/bin/view/Computing/PandaRootRhoTutorial>

- **Analysis Presentation (PDF)**

[https://panda-wiki.gsi.de/foswiki/pub/Computing/PandaRoot/Goetzen\\_PandaRootAnalysisNewRho\\_v4\\_exp.pdf](https://panda-wiki.gsi.de/foswiki/pub/Computing/PandaRoot/Goetzen_PandaRootAnalysisNewRho_v4_exp.pdf)

- **Macros in tutorials/rho/**

<https://subversion.gsi.de/trac/fairroot/browser/pandaroot/trunk/tutorials/rho>

- **RhoCandidate class documentation**

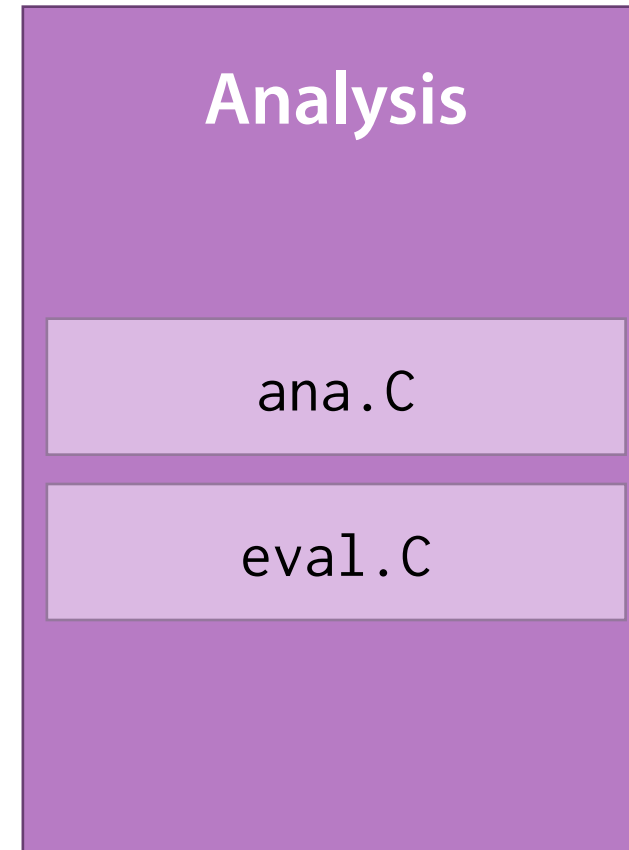
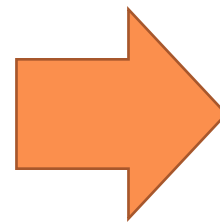
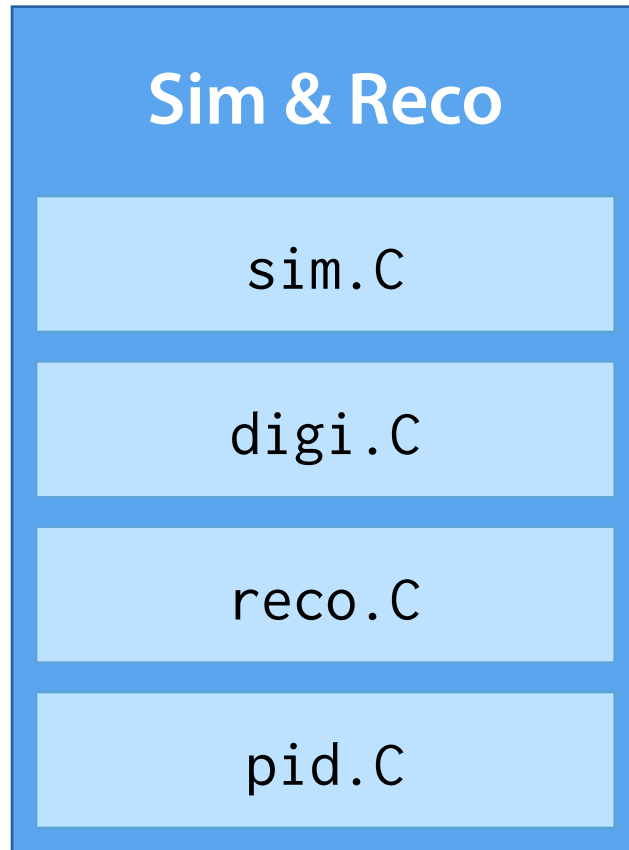
- **Automatic:** [http://cbmroot.gsi.de//panda\\_doc/daily/html/classRhoCandidate.html](http://cbmroot.gsi.de//panda_doc/daily/html/classRhoCandidate.html)

- **Detailed highlights:** <https://panda-wiki.gsi.de/foswiki/bin/view/Computing/PandaRootAnalysisJuly13>

- **Analysis Forum**

[https://forum.gsi.de/index.php?t=thread&frm\\_id=152&](https://forum.gsi.de/index.php?t=thread&frm_id=152&)

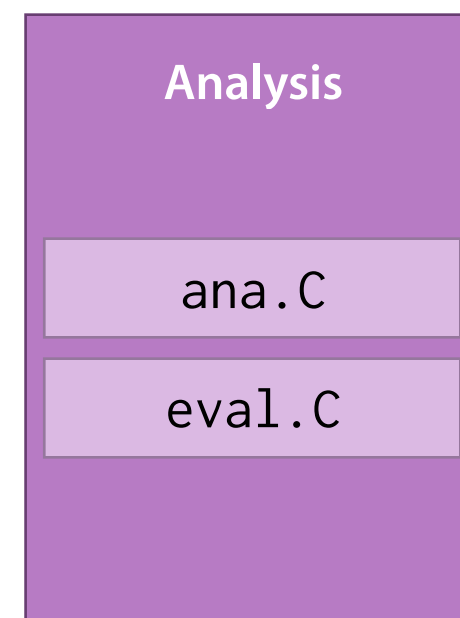
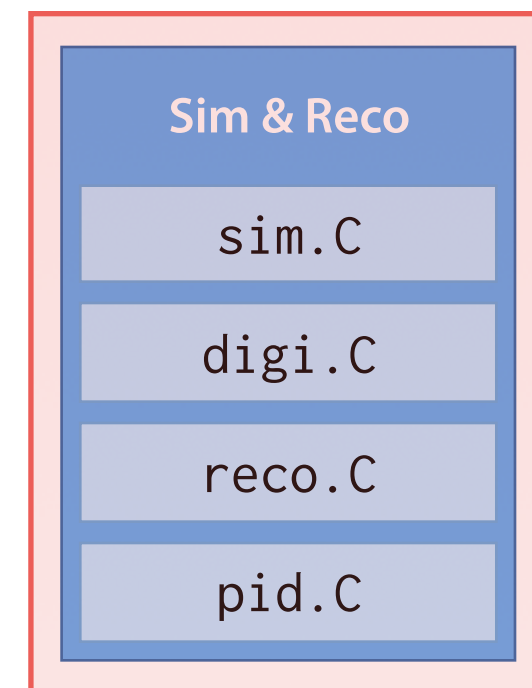
# Simulation Flow



# Sim & Reco

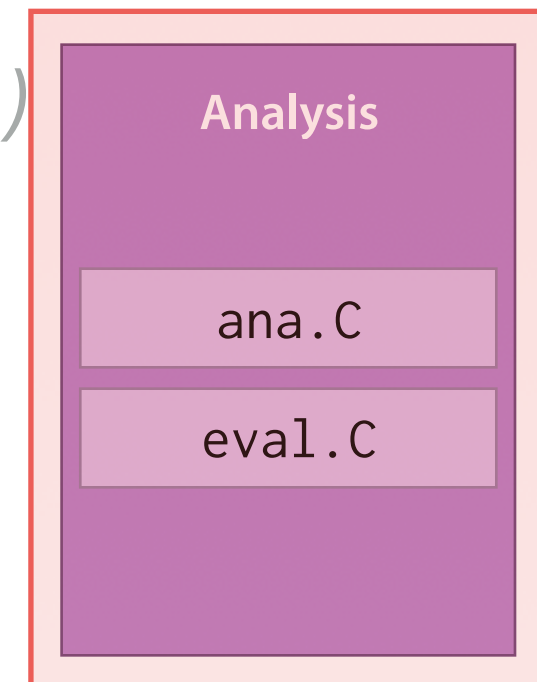
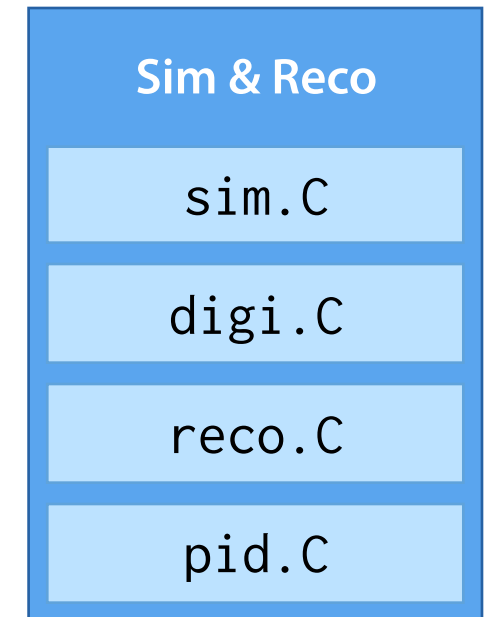
- Out of scope here, just one thing:
- Preparing for *Prometheus*: Add a prefix!

```
void sim(Int_t nEvents = 10, TString prefix = "") {  
    TString OutputFile = prefix + "sim_complete.root";  
    TString ParOutputfile = prefix + "simparams.root";  
    // ...  
}
```



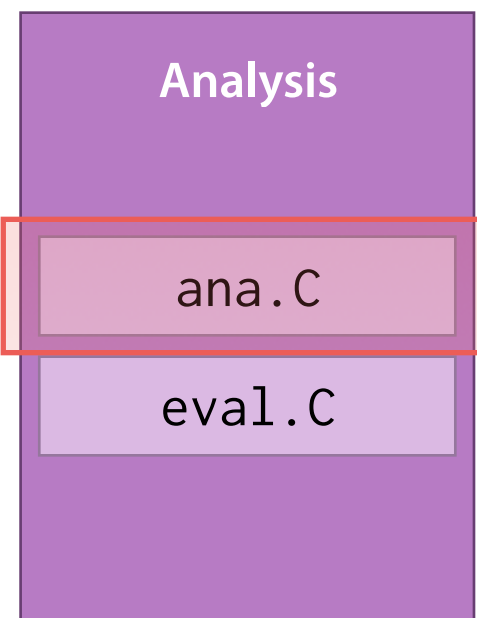
# Analysis

- Concept
  - `ana.C` (*1 + file*)
    - » Uses PID info to reconstruct composite particles
    - » Calls fitters
    - » Fill all information into TTrees
    - » As few permanent cuts as possible
  - `eval.C` (*lots of files, one per topic: evalMass.C, ...*)
    - » Use TTree info from before, also with conditions
    - » Create beautiful histograms
- **ana runs once, eval runs a lot**



# Analysis (ana.C)

- Analysis with Rho
- Rule of thumb: No histogram in ana.C
- Scheme
  - Create particles in list based on PID info  
RhoCandList is a collection of RhoCandidates
  - Extract information, save into TTree
  - Run fitters, apply cuts
  - Extract information, save into TTree
  - Combine particles (e.g.  $K\pi\pi$  to D)
  - Extract info, run fitters, TTree...





# Analysis (ana.C) — Skeleton

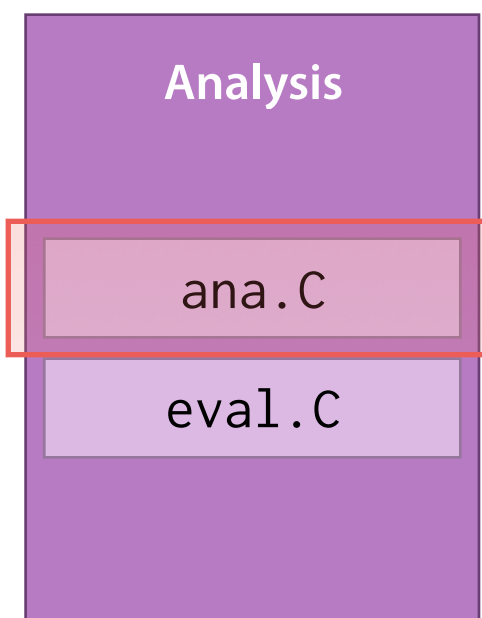
```
void ana(TString prefix = "", int nevents = 0) {
    TFile * out = TFile::Open(anaOutput, "RECREATE");
    RhoTuple * ntpDp = new RhoTuple("ntpDp", "Dp Analysis");
    PndAnalysis* theAnalysis = new PndAnalysis();
    nevents = theAnalysis->GetEntries();

    RhoCandList kplus, pminus, dpluslist;
    double m0_dplus = TDatabasePDG::Instance()->GetParticle("D+")->Mass();
    RhoMassParticleSelector dMassSel("dp", m0_dplus, 0.3);
    TString pidSelection = "PidAlgoIdealCharged";
    PndRhoTupleQA qa(theAnalysis, pbarmom);

    while (theAnalysis->GetEvent() && i++ < nevents) {
        theAnalysis->FillList(kplus, "KaonBestPlus", pidSelection);
        theAnalysis->FillList(pminus, "PionBestMinus", pidSelection);

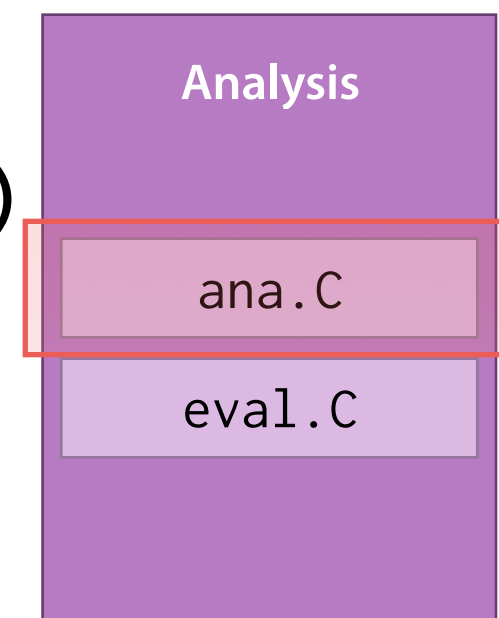
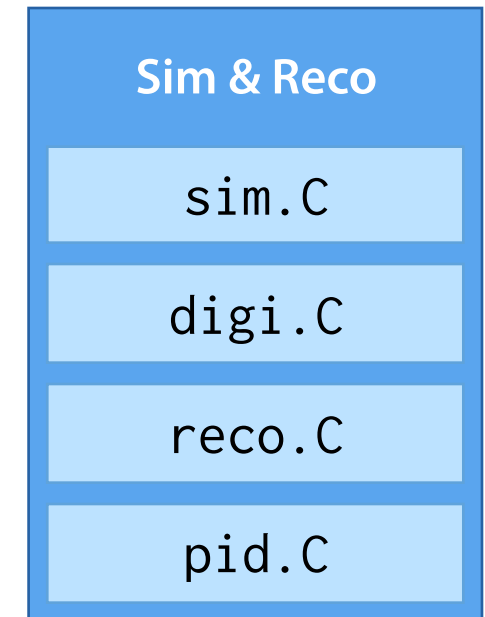
        dpluslist.Combine(kminus, piplus, piplus);
        dpluslist.Select(&dMassSel);
        dpluslist.SetType(411);

        for (j = 0; j < dpluslist.GetLength(); ++j) {
            ntpDp->Column("ncandDplusI", (Int_t) dpluslist.GetLength());
            // Next stuff goes here
            ntpDp->DumpData();
        }
    }
    out->cd();
    ntpDp->GetInternalTree()->Write();
    out->Save();
}
```



# Analysis (ana.C) — Rho & QA

- Accessors of RhoCandidate \* cand
  - cand->GetMass()
  - cand->GetMomentum()
  - cand->GetPosition()
  - cand->P4()
  - cand->PdgCode()
  - cand->Cov7() (i=j=0..2:  $\sigma_{\text{pos}}$ ; i=j=3..6:  $\sigma_{4\text{vec}}$ )
  - cand->Boost(TVector3(1, 2, 3))
  - cand->NDaughter(), cand->Daughter(0)
  - cand->Lock()
  - cand->GetMcTruth()
- Easier: QA tools!



# Analysis (ana.C) — Rho/QA General

```
qa.qaP4("beam", ini, ntpDp);  
qa.qaCand("DplusPos", dpluslist[j], ntpDp);  
qa.qaComp("Dplus", dpluslist[j], ntpDp);  
qa.qaMcDiff("fVtxDplus", dplusfit, ntpDp);
```

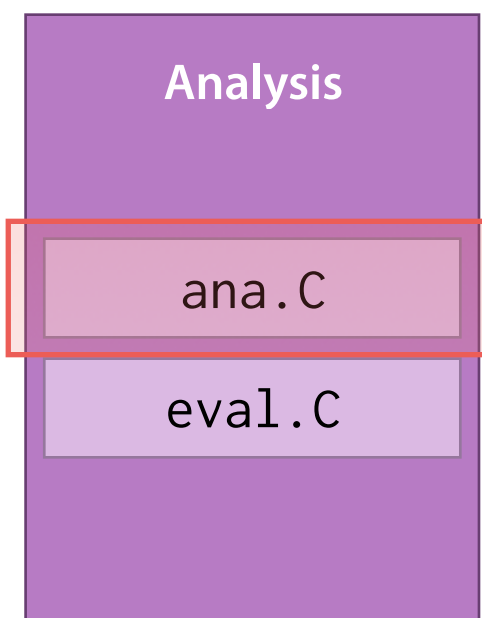
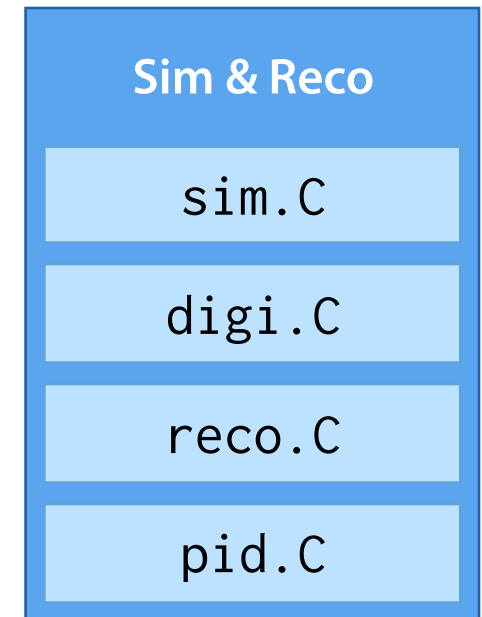
1

```
RhoCandidate *truth = dpluslist[j]->GetMcTruth();  
TLorentzVector lv;  
if (0x0 != truth) lv = truth->P4();  
qa.qaP4("trDplus", lv, ntpDp);  
if (truth != 0x) {  
    qa.qaVtx("trDplus", truth, ntpDp);  
}
```

2

```
PndKinVtxFitter vertexFitter(dpluslist[j]);  
vertexFitter.Fit();  
RhoCandidate * dplusfit = dpluslist[j]->GetFit();  
qaFitter("fVtxDplus", ntpDp, &vertexFitter);  
ntpDp->Column("fVtxHowGood", (Int_t) dP_vtx_indexOfBestFit[j]);  
qa.qaMcDiff("fVtxDplus", dplusfit, ntpDp);
```

3



# Analysis (ana.C) — Rho/QA General

1

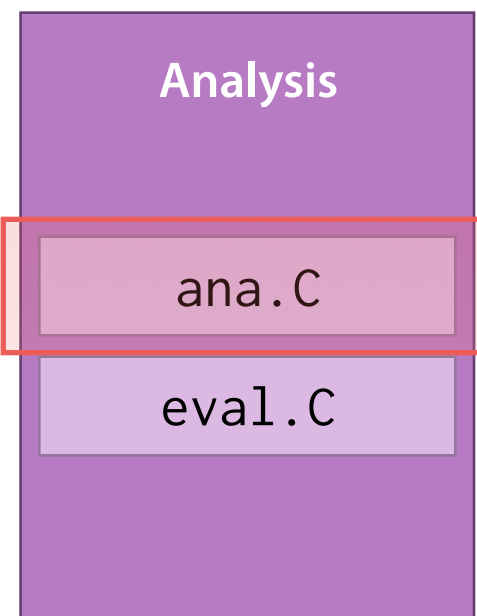
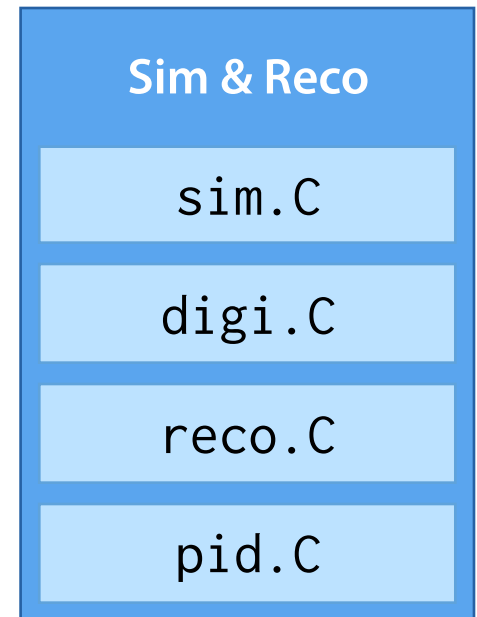
```
qa.qaP4("beam", ini, ntpDp);  
qa.qaCand("DplusPos", dpluslist[j], ntpDp);  
qa.qaComp("Dplus", dpluslist[j], ntpDp);  
qa.qaMcDiff("fvtxDplus", dplusfit, ntpDp);
```

- **qaP4**: Stores four-momentum
  - $p_i, p, E, \theta, \phi, m$
  - qaP4Cms also existing
- **qaCand**: **qaP4** and spatial info
  - charge
  - $x, y, z, l$
  - PDG ID
- **qaComp**: Same as above, plus more
  - For composite candidates
  - Runs recursively down the particle tree
  - Calls also: **qaPoca, qaVtx**
- **qaMcDiff**: Differences to MC
  - $\Delta x, \Delta p, \Delta E$
  - $\text{pull}_x, \text{pull}_p, \text{pull}_E$
  - $\sigma_x, \sigma_p, \sigma_E$
  - Make cross-check!

That's the one you need!

- **qaKs0, qaPi0**
- **qaEventShape**
- **qaDalitz**
- **qaPid**
- **qaTrk**
- **qaEmc, qaMvd, qaStt, qaGem, qaDrc, qaDsc, qaRich, qaTof, qaMuo** (= qaRecoFull; qaRecoFullTree)
- **qaMc**
- **qaFitter**
- **qaPoca, qaPRG**

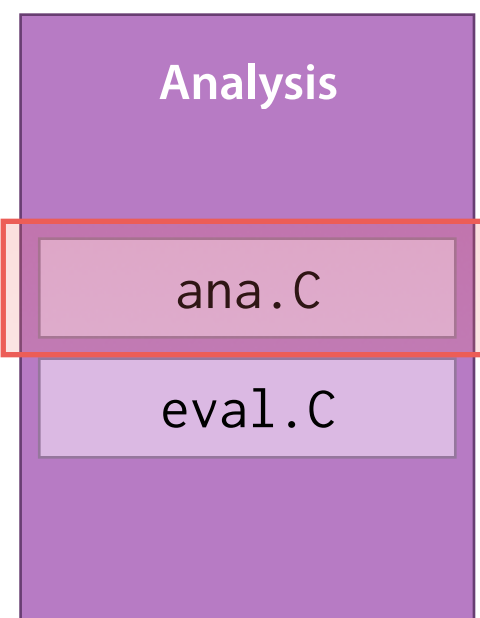
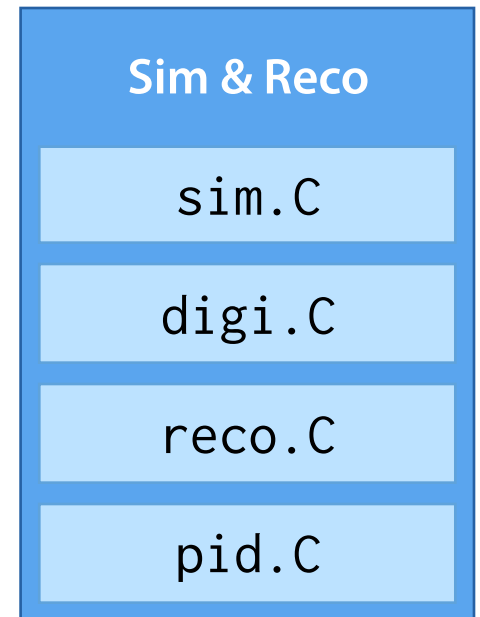
<https://subversion.gsi.de/trac/fairroot/browser/pandaroot/trunk/PndTools/AnalysisTools/PndRhoTupleQA.cxx>



# Analysis (ana.C) — Rho/QA General 2

```
RhoCandidate *truth = dpluslist[j]->GetMcTruth();  
TLorentzVector lv;  
if (0x0 != truth) lv = truth->P4();  
qa.qaP4("trDplus", lv, ntpDp);  
if (truth) {  
    qa.qaVtx("trDplus", truth, ntpDp);  
}
```

- **dpluslist[j]->GetMcTruth()**: You can always get the truth!
  - Sometimes it fails (NULL pointer)
  - Check it!  
`truth != 0, 0x0, NULL, nullptr` or event just  
`if (truth)` – all are identical in C++
- **qaP4(truth)**: I'd like to save the truth as well
- **qaVtx**: Saves vertex information
  - If `DecayVtx() != (0,0,0)`: Decay vertex (from fitter)
  - If `DecayVtx() == (0,0,0)`: Position of 4-vec of first daughter



# Analysis (ana.C) — Rho/QA Fitter



```
PndKinVtxFitter vertexFitter(dpluslist[j]);  
vertexFitter.Fit();  
RhoCandidate * dplusfit = dpluslist[j]->GetFit();  
qaFitter("fVtxDplus", ntpDp, &vertexFitter);  
ntpDp->Column("fVtxHowGood", (Int_t) dP_vtx_indexOfBestFit[j]);  
qa.qaMcDiff("fVtxDplus", dplusfit, ntpDp);
```

- **Fitting**

Fitter always take a RhoCandidate and save into that RhoCandidate

- Usual workflow:

- `fitter(cand); fitter.fit(); cand->GetFit();`

- The resulting RhoCandidate can be used usually

- **Currently available fitters:**

- [https://panda-wiki.gsi.de/foswiki/bin/view/Computing/PandaRootRhoTutorial#A\\_2.5.\\_Fitting](https://panda-wiki.gsi.de/foswiki/bin/view/Computing/PandaRootRhoTutorial#A_2.5._Fitting)

- <https://subversion.gsi.de/trac/fairroot/browser/pandaroot/trunk/rho/RhoBase/RhoFitterBase.h>

- Vertex fitters ( $x_i$ )

- » PndKalmanVtxFitter (*faster*)

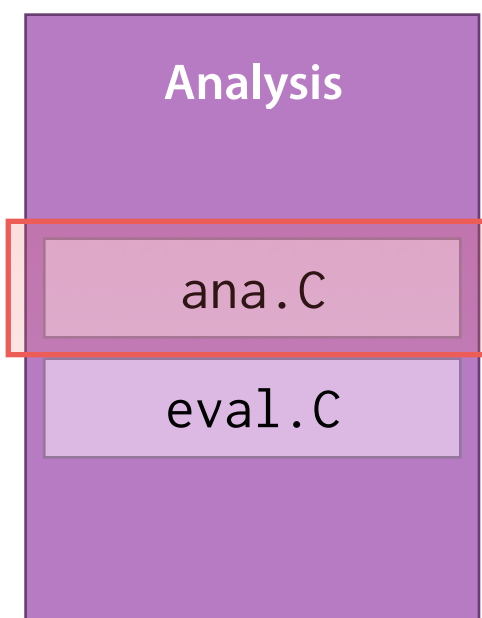
- » PndKinVtxFitter (*more precise*)

- Four-Constraint ( $p_i, E$ )

- Pnd4CFitter

- Mass-Constraint ( $m$ )

- PndKinFitter + AddMassConstraint()



# Analysis (ana.C) — Rho/QA Fitter

3

- What if there's  $> 1$  composite cand / evt?  
`dPluslist.length() > 1`
- Tag them!
- Our strategy
  - Do fits before filling TTrees
  - For every composite candidate, store how good fit is (= tag)
    - » Sort candidates by their fit  $\chi^2$  value
    - » Tag candidate with least  $\chi^2$  as 1, ...
    - » (only, if  $\text{Prob}(\chi^2) > 0.01$ ; if not, -1, -2, ...)
- Benefit of tagging: Always all information saved! Cross checks possible
- Tag accessible from TBrowser: "`fVtxHowGood == 1`"
- See André's development folder: [PndRhoFitProbPresorter](#)

Sim & Reco

sim.C

digi.C

reco.C

pid.C



Analysis

ana.C

eval.C

# Analysis (ana.C) — Rho Tips'n'Tricks

- Never create your own RhoCandidates

```
RhoCandidate *c = RhoFactory::Instance()->NewCandidate();
```

- Comparing RhoCandidates for equality

- `c1 == c2`

- `c1->Equals(c2)`

- `c1->GetMarker() == c2->GetMarker()`

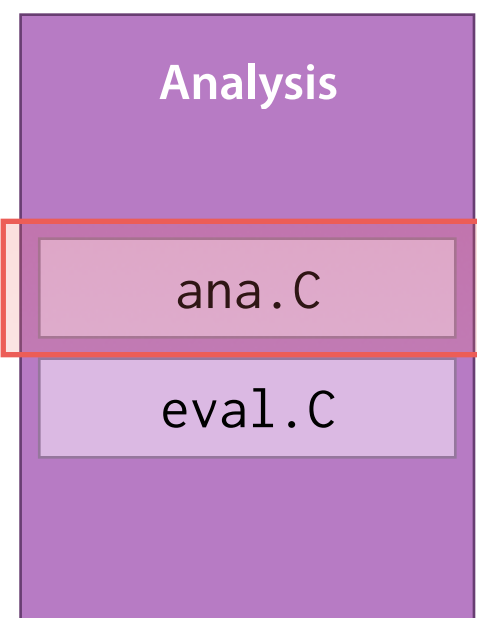
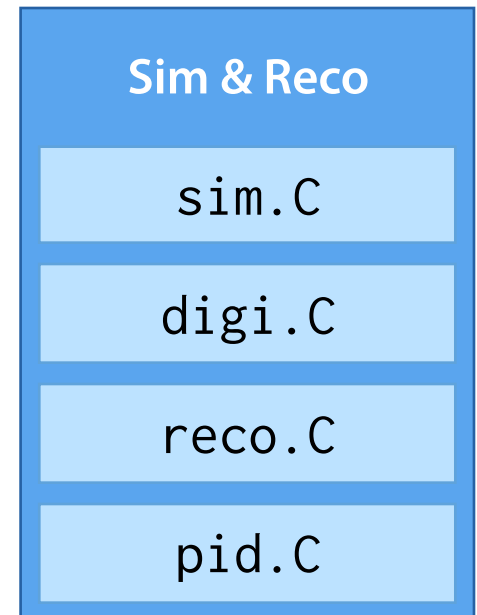
- RhoCandList

- `Append()`, `Combine()`, `CombineAndAppend()`

- `Overlaps()`, `RemoveFamily()`,  
`RemoveClones()`

- Use QA, but check!

- Write own qaExtensions (*next slide*)





# Analysis (ana.C) — Rho Extensions

```
namespace andi {
    void qaFitter(PndRhoTupleQA * qa, TString pre, RhoCandidate * c,
RhoTuple * n, RhoFitterBase * fit, bool skip = false) {
        if (0 == n) return;

        if (!skip) {
            qa->qaComp(pre, c, n);
            n->Column(pre + "Chi2", (float) fit->GetChi2(), 0.0f);
            n->Column(pre + »Ndf", (float) fit->GetNdf(), 0.0f);
            n->Column(pre + "Prob", (float) fit->GetProb(), 0.0f);
        }
    }

    void qaDaughters(PndRhoTupleQA * qa, TString pre, RhoCandidate * c,
RhoTuple * n) {
        if (0 == n) return;
        for (int i = 0; i < c->NDaughters(); ++i) {
            RhoCandidate * daughter = c->Daughter(i);
            RhoCandidate * daughterTrue = daughter->GetMcTruth();
            TString dindex = TString::Format("d%i", i);
            qa->qaCand(pre + dindex + "tr", daughterTrue, n);
            n->Column(pre + dindex + "trpdg", (Int_t) daughterTrue-
>PdgCode());
            qa->qaMcDiff(pre + dindex, daughter, n);
        }
    }
}
```

Sim & Reco

sim.C

digi.C

reco.C

pid.C



Analysis

ana.C

eval.C

# Evaluation (eval.C)

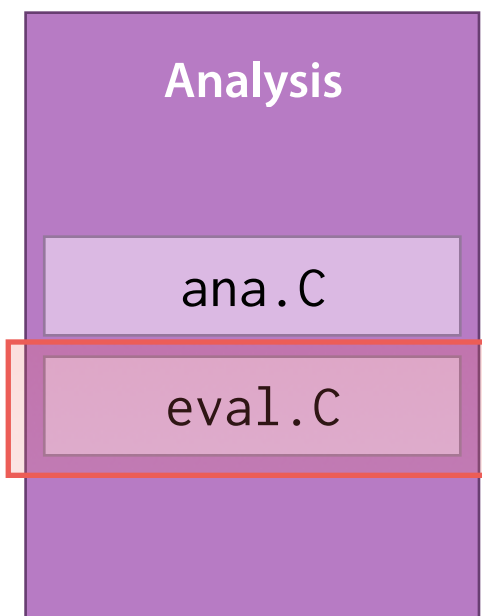
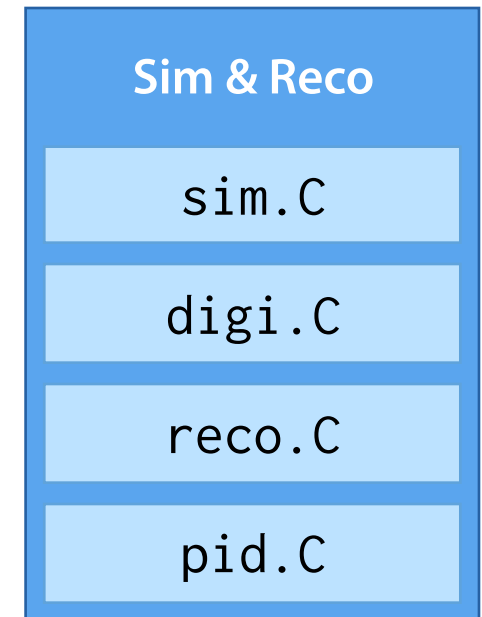
- Read in TTree with QA tuples (or TTrees)
- Look at quantities in TBrowser
- Create histograms
  - Use TTrees as much as possible
  - SetBranchAddress() is more complicated and usually slower
  - See <http://static.andreasherten.de/2014/06/23/ROOT-NTuple-Analysis.html>
- Use helper functions

1

2

3

4



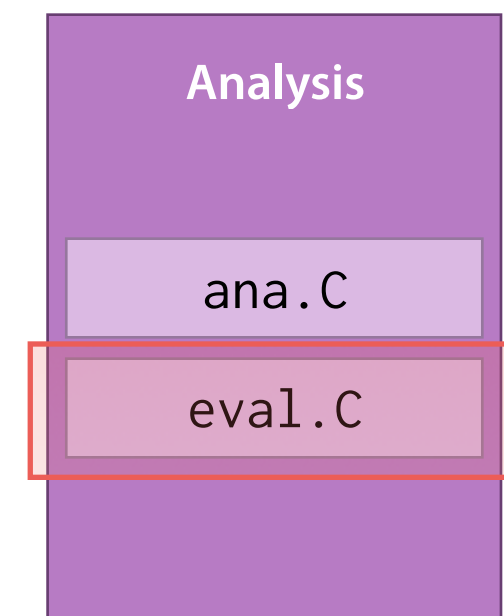
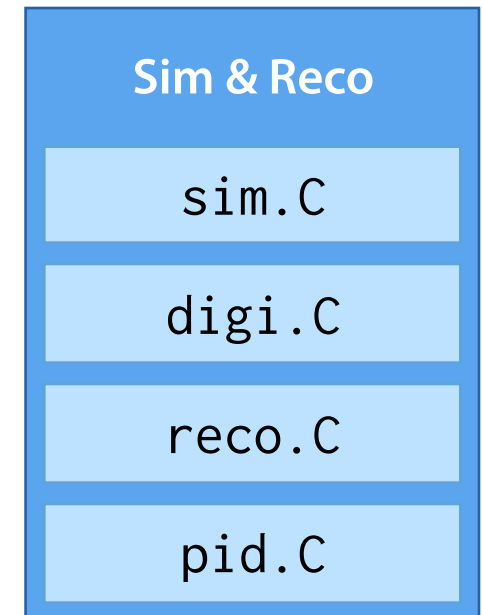
# Evaluation (eval.C) — Skeleton



```
void evalAna(TString inputFile = "output_ana.root") {  
    andi::setCustomStyle();  
    bool savePictures = true;  
    TString macroBasename = "evalAna.C";  
  
    TFile * file = new TFile(inputFile);  
    TTree * tupleDplus = (TTree*)(file->Get("ntpDp"));  
    // ... do things  
}
```

## • Things

- setCustomStyle  
Sets margins and font sizes and other default parameters
- savePictures  
Global flag for macro which automatically saves all created histograms (or not)
- macroBasename  
The name of the current macro; used mainly for saving images

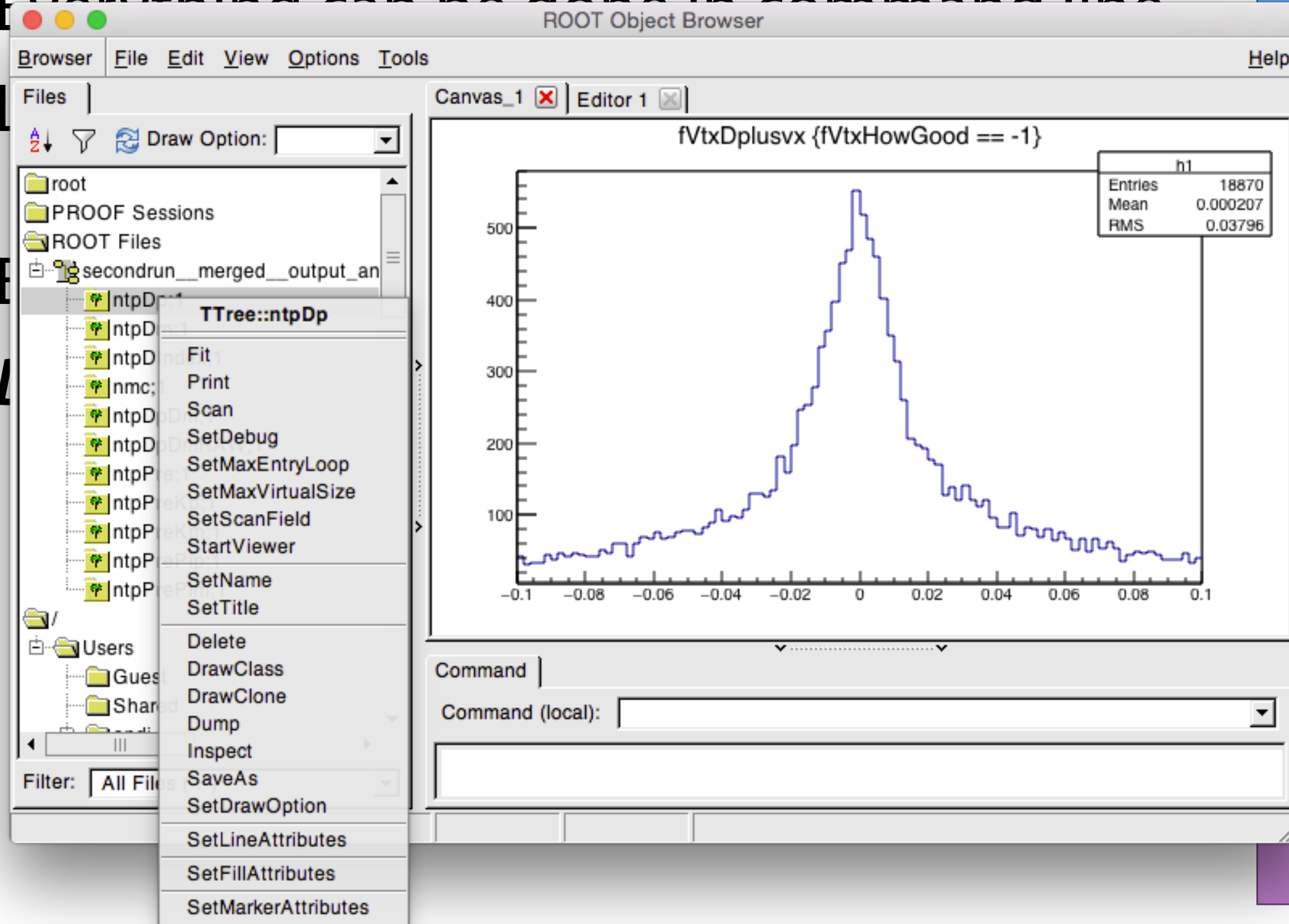


# Evaluation (eval.C) — TBrowser

2

- Since ROOT has an interpreter:

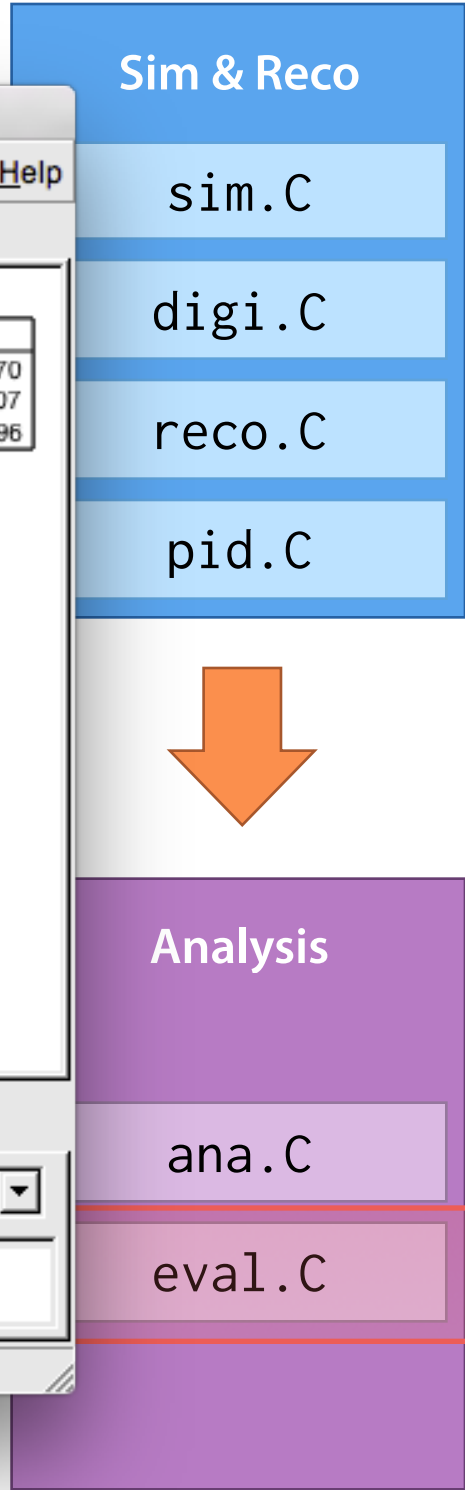
Everything can be done in command line



The screenshot shows the ROOT Object Browser interface. On the left, a file tree displays a directory structure including 'root', 'PROOF Sessions', and 'ROOT Files'. A context menu is open over a file named 'ntpD', listing actions such as 'Fit', 'Print', 'Scan', and 'SetDebug'. The main canvas displays a histogram titled 'fVtxDplusvx {fVtxHowGood == -1}'. The histogram shows a distribution of values centered around 0. A statistics box in the top right corner of the plot provides the following data:

h1	
Entries	18870
Mean	0.000207
RMS	0.03796

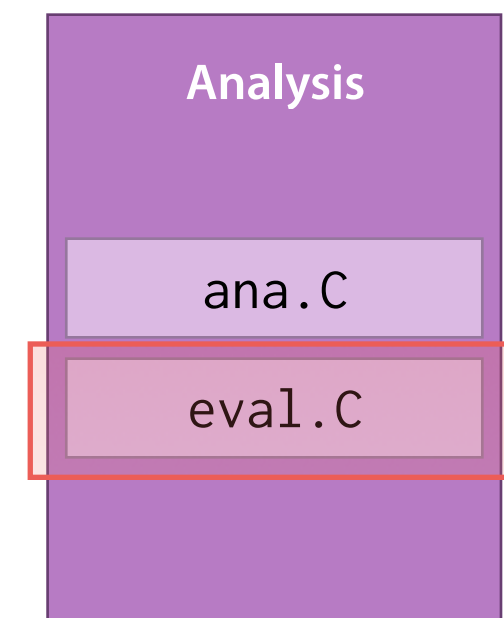
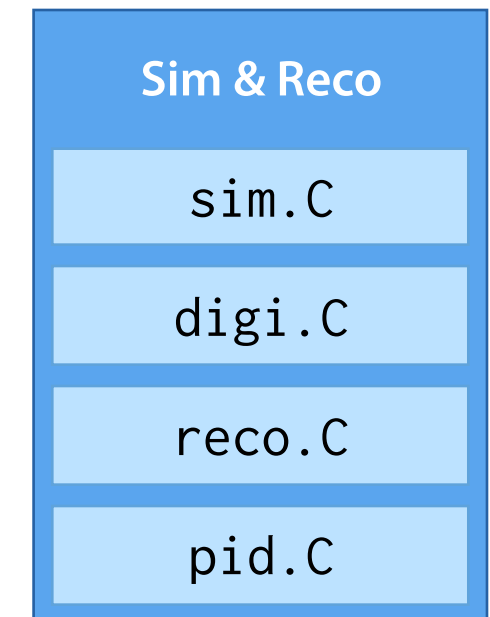
At the bottom of the window, there is a 'Command' field and a 'Command (local):' dropdown menu.



# Evaluation (eval.C) — TBrowser II 2

- Not actually in eval.C, but interactively in ROOT command line

```
tv__tree->Draw("fVtxDplusvx");  
  
tv__tree->Draw("fVtxDplusvx", "fVtxHowGood == 1 && abs(Dplusd1x) > 0.2");  
  
TCut default = "fVtxHowGood == 1";  
tv__tree->Draw("fVtxDplusvx", default && "abs(Dplusd1x) > 0.2");  
  
tv__tree->Draw("sqrt(fVtxDplusvx^2 + fVtxDplusvy**2)", default);  
  
TH1D h1("h1", "Temp", 100, 0, 1);  
tv__tree->Draw("sqrt(fVtxDplusvx^2 + fVtxDplusvy^2)>>h1", default);  
  
tv__tree->Draw("sqrt(fVtxDplusvx^2 + fVtxDplusvy^2)>>h2(100, 0, 1)",  
default);  
  
tv__tree->Draw("fVtxDplusvx^2:fVtxDplusvy^2>>h3(100, -1, 1, 100, -1, 1)",  
default, "COLz");  
  
tv__tree->Scan("evt:fVtxDplusvx^2:fVtxDplusvy^2", default);
```



# Evaluation (eval.C) — Histograms 3

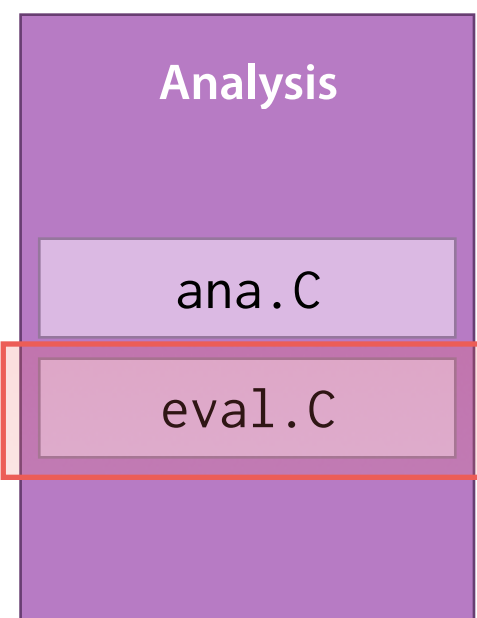
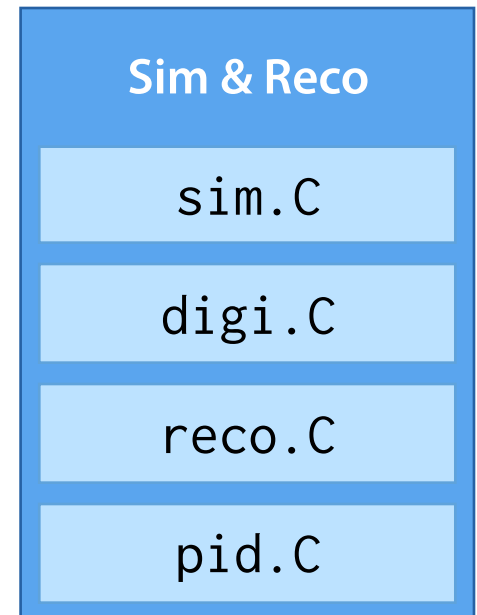
- In eval.C: Do as in ROOT command line, but Project() instead of Draw()

```
void evalAna(TString inputFile = "output_ana.root") {
  andi::setCustomStyle();
  bool savePictures = true;
  TString macroBasename = "evalAna.C";

  TFile * file = new TFile(inputFile);
  TTree * tupleDplus = (TTree*)(file->Get("ntpDp"));

  TCut cutBoth = "fVtxHowGood == 1 && fMassHowGood == 1";

  TH2D * hDp_ptpz = new TH2D("hDp_ptpz", "D^{+}: Momentum
Distribution;p_{z} / GeV/c;p_{t} / GeV/c", 100, 1, 5, 100, 0, 1);
  tupleDplus->Project("hDp_ptpz", "Dpluspt:Dpluspz", cutBoth);
  hDp_ptpz->SetLineColor(kBlue);
  hDp_ptpz->SetTitleOffset(1.01);
  hDp_ptpz->Draw("COLz");
}
```



- My workflow for simple plots (95 %)

```
TH1D * hDp_m = new TH1D("hDp_m", "D^{+}: Invariant Mass;m / GeV/  
c^{2};counts", 100, 1.7, 2.05);
```

```
hDp_m->SetLineColor(colorDp);
```

```
tupleDplus->Project("hDp_m", "Dplusm");
```

```
andi::createCanvasDrawAndSave(hDp_m, "D Plus Mass", macroBasename,  
savePictures);
```

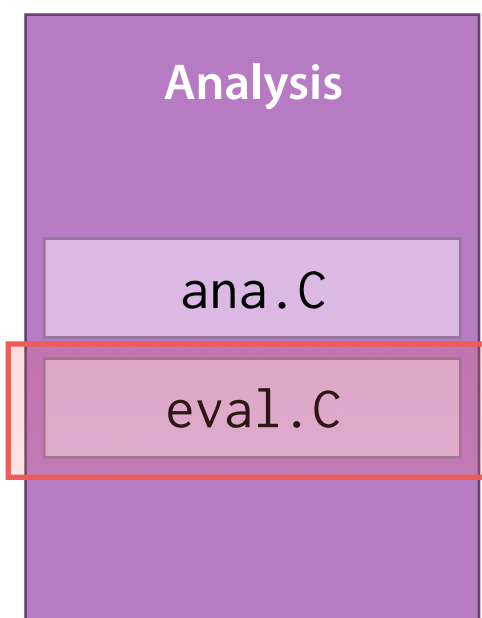
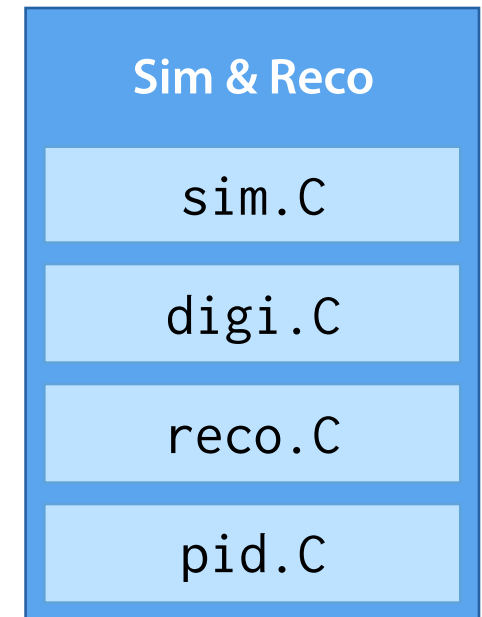
```
andi::createCanvasFitDoubleDrawAndSave(hDp_m, "D Plus Mass Relative",  
macroBasename, savePictures);
```

- *Demo*

- `common.cpp`

[https://github.com/AndiH/PhD/blob/master/Programming/  
common.cpp](https://github.com/AndiH/PhD/blob/master/Programming/common.cpp)

Documentation at <http://andih.github.io/PhD/>



# Helpers: common.cpp

- `common.cpp`: my file for helper functions

<https://github.com/AndiH/PhD/blob/master/Programming/common.cpp>

- Loaded into ROOT via `~/.rootrc` with

```
Rint.Load: ~/Documents/Coding/PhysicsAnalysis/common.cpp
```

Available globally, also in command line!

- Name-spaced functions and classes

- Documentation included, generate and open with

```
$ doxygen common.cpp
```

```
$ open html/index.html
```

Or simply look at <http://andih.github.io/PhD/>

- Since we're at it...

```
alias r="root -l"
```

<https://github.com/AndiH/PhD/blob/master/Programming/root-aliases.sh>



# Helpers: common.cpp

- `moveStatBoxLeft()`, `moveStatBoxDown()`,  
`shrinkBox()`
- `makePadTitle()`
- `saveCanvas()`
- `histogramsToStack()`
- `gaussFit()`, `doubleGaussFit()`
- `createCanvasDrawAndSave()`
- `treeFromMultipleFiles()` (*see later*)
- `DInfoContainer` (*see next*)

# Helpers: DInfoContainer

- Sometimes, Draw() / Project() is not possible (x-relations, ...)  
→ SetBranchAddress() needed
- A lot of quantities → *messy* code
- Most common particle properties: m, E, p<sub>i</sub>, ...
- Idea: create struct to simplify

```

struct properties {
    Float_t pt, px, py, pz, p, E;
    Float_t m, chg, pdg;
};
struct DInfoContainer {
    properties m; // actual d meson (m=mother)
    properties d0, d1, d2; // three daughters
};
DInfoContainer container;
tuple->SetBranchAddress("Dpluspt", &(container.m.pt));
// ...

```

# Prometheus – Login – SSH 1

- Login via **SSH key**

- Faster, more reliable
- No need to remember password

## 1. Generate SSH key:

```
$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -C "a.herten@fz-juelich.de"
```

## 2. Copy SSH key to remote location;

```
$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub | ssh user@hostname 'cat  
>> .ssh/authorized_keys'
```

OR: 

```
$ ssh-copy-id user@hostname
```

## 3. Login:

```
$ ssh user@hostname
```

- **Shortcuts for hosts (~/.ssh/config)**

```
Host ikp
  User herten
  HostName ikpwsg1-sshg.ikp.kfa-juelich.de
  ForwardX11 yes
```

```
Host ikp507
  User herten
  ProxyCommand ssh -q ikp netcat ikp507 22
  ForwardX11 yes
```

```
Host gsi
  User aherten
  HostName lxpools.gsi.de
  ForwardX11 yes
```

```
Host prometheus
  User aherten
  ProxyCommand ssh -q gsi netcat pro.hpc 22
  ForwardX11 yes
```

# Prometheus – Copy

- Two means of copy

- scp:

- \$ scp prometheus:/hera/panda/aherten/file.root .

- rsync:

- \$ rsync -v --partial --progress --human-readable  
--rsh=ssh prometheus:/hera/panda/aherten/data/  
file.root .

- Important rsync option for backupping your files:

- \$ rsync -a

- Documentation
  - Main documentation (GSI):  
<https://wiki.gsi.de/cgi-bin/view/Linux/GridEngine>
  - PandaRoot-oriented how-to (Klaus):  
<https://panda-wiki.gsi.de/foswiki/bin/view/Computing/PandaRootSimulationPrometheus>
- `qsub` for submitting,  
`qstat` for statistics
- Get a submission script from us, look at manpage:  
`$ man qsub`
- Usually:  
`$ qsub -t 1-100 signalData.sge initialProd 2000`
- Status:  
`$ watch qstat`

# Prometheus – Job Resubmission

- Use bash to your advantage
- Find crashed jobs:

```
$ find initialProd*_pid.root -type f -size -2M > failed_jobs.txt
```

- Extract job numbers from crashed jobs:

```
$ cat failed_jobs.txt | cut -d "_" -f 2 > failed_ids.txt
```

- Resubmit crashed job numbers:

```
# resubmit.sh  
while read i; do  
    qsub -t $i signalData.sge initialProd 2000  
done < failed_ids.txt
```

- Random Bash-Fu:

```
cp {a,b}.root ../ ⇔ cp a.root ../; cp b.root ../
```

```
cp {1..3}.root ../ ⇔ cp 1.root ../; cp 2.root ../; cp 3.root ../
```

- My concept of analysis (ana.C/eval.C)
  - {sim,digi,reco,pid}.C run on Prometheus → pid\_n\_complete.root
  - ana.C runs on Prometheus → ana\_n\_complete.root
  - eval.C runs locally → histogram.pdf
- Merging of ana\_n\_complete.root on Prometheus
- Easiest way: hadd

```
$ hadd -h
```

```
Usage: hadd [-f[0-9]] [-k] [-T] [-O] [-n maxopenedfiles] [-v verbosity] targetfile source1  
[source2 source3 ...]
```

```
This program will add histograms from a list of root files and write them  
to a target root file. The target file is newly created and must not  
exist, or if -f ("force") is given, must not be one of the source files.
```

- Merge only *dumb* ROOT files with no cross-references,
  - OK: Histograms
  - OK: Rho TTrees
  - NOT OK: PID files



# Prometheus – File Merging II

- Easiest way: hadd

```
$ hadd output.root ana_{1..100}_complete.root
```
- Problem: everything goes to memory!  
Not feasible for a lot of and/or large files
- 2nd order easiest way: hadd loops!  
→ Becomes cumbersome very quickly
- `mergeRootFilesByTxt.sh`!  
<https://gist.github.com/AndiH/121e3d89fc647fb65338>
  - Input: a `.txt` file with a name of one `.root` file per line
  - Output: a merged `.root` file
  - Usage: `./mergeRootFilesByTxt.sh -h`

- For me, hadd made problems for .root files with unequally long TTrees inside (*it filled the shorter TTree with 0s*)

- Solution: `andi::treeFromMultipleFiles()`

```
TTree * tupleDplus = andi::treeFromMultipleFiles("Dplus", "files.txt")
```

– Quite slow!

- Minimal example:

```
TTree * tupleDplus = andi::treeFromMultipleFiles("Dplus", "files.txt")  
TFile * f = new TFile("output.root", "RECREATE");  
TTree * clone = tupleDplus->CloneTree();  
if (clone) clone->Write("", TObject::kOverwrite);  
f->Close();
```

- `fitsb.C`: Fit signal+background distribution

<https://subversion.gsi.de/trac/fairroot/browser/pandaroot/trunk/macro/analysistools/fitsb.C>

- `findcuts.C`: Finds best cut criteria for  $S$  and  $B$

<https://subversion.gsi.de/trac/fairroot/browser/pandaroot/trunk/macro/analysistools/findcuts.C>

- Must be both in same TTree
- Works interactively

- More at `macro/analysistools/`

***THE END***